

J07

Diploma in Financial Planning

Unit J07 – Supervision in a regulated environment

October 2020 examination

SPECIAL NOTICE

Candidates are expected to be aware of the FCA rules and guidance regarding training and competence, conduct of business and complaints handling as contained within the relevant sourcebooks.

Copyright $\ \odot$ 2020 The Chartered Insurance Institute. All rights reserved.

Unit J07 - Supervision in a regulated environment

Instructions to candidates

Read the instructions below before answering any questions

- Two hours are allowed for this paper which consists of 15 short answer questions and carries a total of 130 marks.
- You are strongly advised to attempt all questions to gain maximum possible marks.
 The number of marks allocated to each question part is given next to the question and you should spend your time in accordance with that allocation.
- Read carefully all questions and information provided before starting to answer. Your answer will be marked strictly in accordance with the question set.
- It is important to show all steps in a calculation, even if you have used a calculator.
- Tax tables are provided at the right-hand side of the interface.

Subject to providing sufficient detail you are advised to be as brief and concise as possible, using note format and short sentences on separate lines wherever possible.

Attempt ALL questions

Time: 2 hours

1.	Stat	e the key activities a supervisor undertakes to supervise their team.		(8)	
2.	(a)	Iden	tify the eight steps of Kotter's change model.	(8)	
	(b)		ine the main advantages of Kotter's change model approach, when pared to Kurt Lewin's change model.	(3)	
3.			arriers to effective communication, which cannot be controlled directly oder and provide an example of each .	(8)	
4.	State the company specific requirements that need to be included in an induction plan for a financial adviser.				
5.	Bal is an independent financial adviser; he frequently sells general insurance products.				
	(a)	(i)	State the minimum Continuous Professional Development (CPD) requirements that Bal must complete on an annual basis.	(4)	
		(ii)	List three areas that the Financial Conduct Authority Training and Competence Handbook recommends when planning relevant CPD activities.	(3)	
	(b)	Expl	ain the benefits of Bal holding a Statement of Professional Standing.	(4)	
6.	State the benefits of undertaking a training needs analysis for:				
	(a)	an e	mployee;	(3)	
	(b)	a bu	siness.	(3)	

7.	(a)	Identify four key elements of a structured development plan framework for an individual.	(4)
	(b)	Explain briefly how structured development plans for employees can help a business meet its corporate objectives.	(6)
8.	(a)	Compare and contrast coaching and counselling.	(3)
	(b)	List and explain briefly the three stages of counselling, in accordance with the Michael Reddy model.	(6)
9.		e six key areas that must be covered by a financial adviser when presenting mmendations to a client.	(6)
10.	clier Expl	issa is a supervisor of a team of financial advisers and is planning to observe at appointments to identify areas of development for her team. ain the steps that are required to make the observations as effective as sible for;	
	(a)	pre-appointment;	(6)
	(b)	post-appointment.	(4)
11.		and explain briefly five components of career management as identified by Chartered Institute of Personnel and Development.	(10)
12.	(a)	State the difference between inputs and outputs.	(2)
	(b)	List six key performance indicators for a financial adviser.	(6)

QUESTIONS CONTINUE OVER THE PAGE

2012 5 PTO

13.	(a)	State the benefits of exception reports.	(5)
	(b)	Explain briefly the relevance of a red persistency indicator in relation to the performance of a financial adviser.	(2)
14.	Expl	ain the benefits of the following quality standards:	
	(a)	ISO 22222.	(4)
	(b)	BS 8453.	(4)
15.		tify the type of misconduct that has occurred and state the actions a line ager could take for each of the scenarios below.	
	(a)	Waseem was found removing a box of pens from the stationery cupboard, placing them in his bag and leaving the building.	(4)
	(b)	Astrid returned to work late from lunch, she was verbally abusive towards her boss when challenged as to whether she had consumed alcohol.	(4)

The tax tables can be found on pages 7 – 15

	JUZ Oct	tober 2020
INCOME TAX		
RATES OF TAX	2019/2020	2020/2021
Starting rate for savings*	0%	0%
Basic rate	20%	20%
Higher rate	40%	40%
Additional rate	45%	45%
Starting-rate limit	£5,000*	£5,000*
Threshold of taxable income above which higher rate applies	£37,500	£37,500
Threshold of taxable income above which additional rate applies	£150,000	£150,000
Child benefit charge:		
1% of benefit for every £100 of income over	£50,000	£50,000
*Only applicable to savings income that falls within the first £5,000 of income in allowance	excess of the pe	ersonal
Dividend Allowance		£2,000
Dividend tax rates		
Basic rate		7.5%
Higher rate		32.5%
Additional rate		38.1%
Trusts		
Standard rate band		£1,000
Rate applicable to trusts		20 10/
dividendsother income		38.1% 45%
		45%
MAIN PERSONAL ALLOWANCES AND RELIEFS		
Income limit for Personal Allowance §	£100,000	£100,000
Personal Allowance (basic) §	£12,500	£12,500
Married/civil partners (minimum) at 10% †	£3,450	£3,510
Married/civil partners at 10% †	£8,915	£9,075
Marriage Allowance	£1,250	£1,250
Income limit for Married Couple's Allowance †	£29,600	£30,200
Rent a Room scheme – tax free income allowance	£7,500	£7,500
Blind Barsan's Allawanes	(2,450	
Blind Person's Allowance	£2,450	£2,500
Enterprise Investment Scheme relief limit on £2,000,000 max**	30%	30%
Seed Enterprise Investment relief limit on £100,000 max	50%	50%
Venture Capital Trust relief limit on £200,000 max	30%	30%
§ the Personal Allowance reduces by £1 for every £2 of income above the income (under the income threshold). † where at least one spouse/civil partner was born before 6 April 1935.	e limit irrespectiv	ve of age

Child Tax Credit (CTC)

 Child element per child (maximum) 	£2,780	£2,830
- family element	£545	£545
Threshold for tapered withdrawal of CTC	£16,105	£16,385

^{**} Investment above £1,000,000 must be in knowledge-intensive companies.

NATIONAL INSURANCE CONTRIBUTIONS				
Class 1 Employee Weekly				
Lower Earnings Limit (LEL) Primary threshold Upper Earnings Limit (UEL)	£120 £183 £962			
Total earnings £ per week CLASS 1 EMPLOYEE CONTRIBUTIONS				
Up to 183.00*	Nil			

12%

2%

Total earnings £ per week	CLASS 1 EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS
Below 169.00**	Nil
169.00 - 962.00	13.8%
Excess over 962.00	13.8%

^{**} Secondary earnings threshold.

183.00 - 962.00

Above 962.00

Class 2 (self-employed)	Flat rate per week £3.05 where profits exceed £6,4/5 per annum.
Class 3 (voluntary)	Flat rate per week £15.30.
Class 4 (self-employed)	9% on profits between £9,500 - £50,000.
	2% on profits above £50,000.

^{*}This is the primary threshold below which no NI contributions are payable. However, the lower earnings limit is £120 per week. This £120 to £183 band is a zero-rate band introduced in order to protect lower earners' rights to contributory State benefits e.g. the new State Pension.

PENS	SIONS
TAX YEAR	LIFETIME ALLOWANCE
2006/2007	£1,500,000
2007/2008	£1,600,000
2008/2009	£1,650,000
2009/2010	£1,750,000
2010/2011	£1,800,000
2011/2012	£1,800,000
2012/2013	£1,500,000
2013/2014	£1,500,000
2014/2015	£1,250,000
2015/2016	£1,250,000
2016/2017	£1,000,000
2017/2018	£1,000,000
2018/2019	£1,030,000
2019/2020	£1,055,000
2020/2021	£1,073,100

LIFETIME ALLOWANCE CHARGE

55% of excess over lifetime allowance if taken as a lump sum.

25% of excess over lifetime allowance if taken in the form of income.

ANNUAL ALLOWANCE				
TAX YEAR	ANNUAL ALLOWANCE			
2015/2016	£40,000~			
2016/2017	£40,000*			
2017/2018	£40,000*			
2018/2019	£40,000*			
2019/2020	£40,000*			
2020/2021	£40,000*			

 $[\]sim$ increased to £80,000 for pension input between April - 8 July 2015. If not used, can be carried forward to pension input period of 9 July 2015 - 6 April 2016, subject to a maximum of £40,000.

^{*}tapered by £1 for every £2 of 'adjusted income' over £240,000 to a minimum of £4,000 if 'threshold income' is also over £200,000.

MONEY PURCHASE ANNUAL ALLOWANCE	2019/2020	2020/2021
	£4,000	£4,000

ANNUAL ALLOWANCE CHARGE

20% - 45% determined by the member's taxable income and the amount of total pension input in excess of the annual allowance or money purchase annual allowance.

CAPITAL GAINS TAX			
EXEMPTIONS	2019/2020	2020/2021	
	C12 000	C12 200	
Individuals, estates etc	£12,000	£12,300	
Trusts generally	£6,000	£6,150	
Chattels proceeds (restricted to five thirds of proceeds exceeding limit)	£6,000	£6,000	
TAX RATES			
Individuals:			
Up to basic rate limit	10%	10%	
Above basic rate limit	20%	20%	
Surcharge for residential property and carried interest	8%	8%	
Trustees and Personal Representatives	20%	20%	
	10%	10%	
Business Asset Disposal Relief* – Gains taxed at:			
Lifetime limit	£10,000,000	£1,000,000	

^{*}For trading businesses and companies (minimum 5% employee or director shareholding) if held for at least two years.

	J02 O	ctober 2020
INHERITANCE TAX		
RATES OF TAX ON TRANSFERS	2019/2020	2020/2021
Transfers made on death		
- Up to £325,000	Nil	Nil
- Excess over £325,000	40%	40%
Transfers		
- Lifetime transfers to and from certain trusts	20%	20%
A lower rate of 36% applies where at least 10% of deceased's net estate is left to	a registered char	ity.
MAIN EXEMPTIONS		
Transfers to		
- UK-domiciled spouse/civil partner	No limit	No limit
 non-UK-domiciled spouse/civil partner (from UK-domiciled spouse) 	£325,000	£325,000
- main residence nil rate band*	£150,000	£175,000
- UK-registered charities	No limit	No limit
*Available for estates up to £2,000,000 and then tapered at the rate of £1 for every extinguished.	ery £2 in excess ui	ntil fully
Lifetime transfers		
- Annual exemption per donor	£3,000	£3,000
- Small gifts exemption	£250	£250
Wedding/civil partnership gifts by		
- parent	£5,000	£5,000
- grandparent/bride and/or groom	£2,500	£2,500

Reduced tax charge on gifts within 7 years of death:

50% relief: certain other business assets

100% relief: businesses, unlisted/AIM companies, certain farmland/building

- other person

	, ,				
- Years before death	0-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7
- Inheritance Tax payable	100%	80%	60%	40%	20%
Quick succession relief:					
- Years since IHT paid	0-1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5
- Inheritance Tax relief	100%	80%	60%	40%	20%

£1,000

£1,000

PRIVATE VEHICLES USED FOR WORK				
2019/2020 Rates 2020/2021 Rate				
Cars On the first 10,000 business miles in tax year	45p per mile	45p per mile		
Each business mile above 10,000 business miles	25p per mile	25p per mile		
Motor Cycles Bicycles	24p per mile 20p per mile	24p per mile 20p per mile		

MAIN CAPITAL AND OTHER ALLOWANCES				
	2019/2020	2020/2021		
Plant & machinery (excluding cars) 100% annual investment allowance				
(first year)	£1,000,000	£1,000,000		
Plant & machinery (reducing balance) per annum	18%	18%		
Patent rights & know-how (reducing balance) per annum	25%	25%		
Certain long-life assets, integral features of buildings (reducing balance)				
perannum	6%	6%		
Energy & water-efficient equipment	100%	100%		
Zero emission goods vehicles (new)	100%	100%		
Electric charging points	100%	100%		
Qualifying flat conversions, business premises & renovations	100%	100%		

Motor cars: Expenditure on or after 01 April 2016 (Corporation Tax) or 06 April 2016 (Income Tax)

CO₂ emissions of g/km: 50 or less* 51-110 111 or more

Capital allowance: 100% 18% 6%

first year reducing balance reducing balance

^{*}If new

MAIN SOCIAL SECURITY BENEFITS				
		2019/2020	2020/2021	
		£	£	
Child Benefit	First child	20.70	21.05	
	Subsequent children	13.70	13.95	
	Guardian's allowance	17.20	17.90	
Employment and Support Allowance	Assessment Phase			
	Age 16 - 24	Up to 57.90	Up to £58.90	
	Aged 25 or over	Up to 73.10	Up to £74.35	
	Main Phase			
	Work Related Activity Group	Up to 102.15	Up to 74.35	
	Support Group	•	Up to 113.55	
	Сарроно систр	ор зо	ор 10 <u></u>	
Attendance Allowance	Lower rate	58.70	59.70	
	Higher rate	87.65	89.15	
Basic State Pension	Single	129.20	134.25	
	Married	201.45	268.50	
Single Tier State Pension	Single	168.60	175.20	
Pension Credit	Single person standard minimum			
	guarantee	167.25	173.75	
	Married couple standard minimum			
	guarantee	255.25	265.20	
	Maximum savings ignored in			
	calculating income	10,000.00	10,000.00	
Bereavement Support Payment	Higher rate – First payment	3,500.00	3,500.00	
	Higher rate – monthly payment	350.00	350.00	
	Lower rate – First payment	2,500.00	2,500.00	
	Lower rate – monthly payment	100.00	100.00	
Jobseeker's Allowance	Age 18 - 24	57.90	58.90	
	Age 25 or over	73.10	74.35	
	-			
Statutory Maternity, Paternity				
and Adoption Pay		148.68	151.20	

CORPORA	ATION TAX	
	2019/2020	2020/2021
Standard rate	19%	19%

VALUE ADDED TAX				
	2019/2020	2020/2021		
Standard rate	20%	20%		
Annual registration threshold	£85,000	£85,000		
Deregistration threshold	£83,000	£83,000		

STAMP DUTY LAND TAX

	Residential
Value up to £125,000	0%
£125,001 - £250,000	2%
£250,001 and £925,000	5%
£925,001 and £1,500,000	10%
£1,500,001 and over	12%

Important note: For residential properties purchased between 8th July 2020 and 31st March 2021, Stamp Duty Land Tax does not apply up to £500,000. For purchases above £500,000, the band rates above apply as normal. Additional SDLT rules still apply as below.

Stamp Duty Land Tax (SDLT) is payable in England and Northern Ireland only. Land Transaction Tax (LTT) is payable in Wales and Land and Buildings Transaction Tax (LBTT) is payable in Scotland. The rates for LTT and LBTT are different to the rates shown above.

Additional SDLT of 3% may apply to the purchase of additional residential properties purchased for £40,000 or greater.

SDLT may be charged at 15% on interests in residential dwellings costing more than £500,000 purchased by certain corporate bodies or non-natural persons.

First-time buyers benefit from SDLT relief on purchases up to £500,000 when purchasing their main residence. On purchases up to £300,000, no SDLT is payable. On purchases between £300,000 and £500,000, a flat rate of 5% is charged on the balance above £300,000.

	Non residential
Value up to £150,000	0%
£150,001 and £250,000	2%
£250,001 and over	5%