#### **Award in Financial Planning (Hong Kong) 2023**



Learning Outcome Assessment Criteria Indicative Content

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1	The client's needs.	1.1	Explain the financial planning requirements and	1.1.1	Young single.
12			constraints at each of the lifestages and how these	1.1.2	Young partnered.
Questions			may vary with individual circumstances and available	1.1.3	Starting a family.
			resources.	1.1.4	Family with older children.
				1.1.5	Post family, pre-retirement.
				1.1.6	Retirement.
		1.2	Apply financial planning criteria to potential needs arising in future lifestages including those of an	1.2.1	The impact of needs changing in the future.
			ageing population wishing to maintain living standards.	1.2.2	Consider the requirements of retirement.
		1.3	Explain how a client's needs at each lifestage are	1.3.1	Age.
			determined.	1.3.2	Marital status.
				1.3.3	Employment status: employed, self-employed, unemployed.
				1.3.4	State of health.
				1.3.5	Impact of dependants.
				1.3.6	Availability of resources - income and expenditure, assets and
					liabilities.
				1.3.7	Ethical preferences.
		1.4	Describe and explain when the seven typical	1.4.1	Unmarried persons.
			lifestages are inappropriate to a client's	1.4.2	Widowed persons.
			circumstances, including clients of comparable age	1.4.3	Separated and divorced persons.
			and means or have comparable family responsibilities.	1.4.4	Childless persons.
		1.5	Describe the main steps in identifying a client's	1.5.1	Real needs and perceived needs.
			financial needs.	1.5.2	Current and future needs.
				1.5.3	Quantifying needs.
				1.5.4	Prioritising needs.
		1.6	Apply the principle of shortfall calculations as part of	1.6.1	Identifying shortfalls.
			the process of quantifying a client's future needs.	1.6.2	Performing shortfall calculations.

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		1.7	Apply financial planning criteria to a client's	1.7.1	Identifying needs.
			circumstances.	1.7.2	Quantifying needs.
				1.7.3	Prioritising needs.
		1.8	Explain the role of the financial adviser in the financial planning process.	1.8.1	The role of the financial adviser.
2	The fact-finding	2.1	Describe the main elements of a fact-finding	2.1.1	Information gathering.
14	process.		process.	2.1.2	Necessary information.
Questions				2.1.3	Using or not using a proforma.
		2.2	Describe and explain the variety of ways a fact-find	2.2.1	Face to face.
			can be carried out.	2.2.2	Remotely.
				2.2.3	Assessing strengths and weaknesses of different methods.
		2.3	Apply the principles of conducting a fact-find.	2.3.1	Appropriate questions.
				2.3.2	How to ask questions to aid understanding.
				2.3.3	The need for additional information.
		2.4	Describe the main client and family details to be collected in a fact-find.	2.4.1	Date of birth.
				2.4.2	Place of birth.
				2.4.3	State of health.
				2.4.4	Present and previous employment including salary and benefits.
				2.4.5	Details of dependants.
				2.4.6	Other / miscellaneous information.
				2.4.7	The need for accurate recording of details.
		2.5	Describe the main categories of financial details to	2.5.1	Assets.
			be collected in a fact-find.	2.5.2	Liabilities.
				2.5.3	Savings and expenditure.
				2.5.4	Life assurance.
				2.5.5	Health insurance(s).
				2.5.6	Retirement provision.
		2.6	Describe the other planning objective categories	2.6.1	Change in circumstances.
			contained in a fact-find.	2.6.2	Children's education.





Le	earning Outcome	Assessment Criteria		Indicative Content  Standards. Professionalism Trust
			2.6.3	Career and retirement aspirations.
			2.6.4	Career ambitions.
	2.	7 Describe how a client's current and future financial	2.7.1	Marital and family status.
		planning needs are affected by their personal	2.7.2	Employment status.
		circumstances and aspirations.	2.7.3	Regular income and accumulated capital.
			2.7.4	Financial commitments.
			2.7.5	Attitude to risk.
			2.7.6	Ethical preference.
			2.7.7	Vulnerability.
			2.7.8	Housing needs and aspirations.
			2.7.9	Family commitments.
			2.7.10	Career plans.
			2.7.11	Retirement plans.
	2.	B Describe and explain the main areas of financial	2.8.1	Life assurance planning.
		planning.	2.8.2	Health protection planning (including disability).
			2.8.3	Savings and investment planning.
			2.8.4	Retirement planning.
			2.8.5	Estate planning.
			2.8.6	Long-term and short-term objectives.





	Learning Outcome		Assessment Criteria		Indicative Content	
		1				
3	Good practice.	3.1	Understand the regulatory framework in the Hong Kong	3.1.1	Financial market overview.	
14			market.	3.1.2	Regulatory authority and their roles and responsibilities.	
Questions				3.1.3	Licencing for financial advice.	
		3.2	Explain the importance of a client understanding the	3.2.1	Checking client understanding.	
			implications of a financial adviser's recommendations.	3.2.2	Risks.	
				3.2.3	Ethical considerations.	
		3.3	Describe the importance of delivering positive customer	3.3.1	Clarity of explanation.	
			outcomes, including for vulnerable customers.	3.3.2	Checking understanding.	
				3.3.3	Appropriate recommendation.	
		3.4	Describe the difference between different types of	3.4.1	Independent advice.	
			financial service and advice.	3.4.2	Restricted advice.	
				3.4.3	Execution-only.	
		3.5	Explain why it is essential for the status of the financial adviser and the remuneration method to be disclosed to	3.5.1	Status disclosure.	
			the prospective client at the outset of the sales process.	3.5.2	Commissions and fees.	
		3.6	Apply structured recommendations appropriate to the client.	3.6.1	Recommendations for new products.	
				3.6.2	Recommendations regarding whether to retain or cancel	
					current products.	
			Explain the supervisory methods that can be used to monitor the suitability of advice.	3.7.1	Role play.	
				3.7.2	Persistency.	
				3.7.3	Complaints.	
		3.8		3.7.4	Continuing Professional Development.	
			the adviser to effect a transaction which the adviser believes to be unsuitable.	the adviser to effect a transaction which the adviser	3.8.1	Actions to take.
				3.9.1	Actions to take.	
		3.10	Explain the duty of the adviser to ensure that all	3.10.1	Obtaining the best terms for the client.	
			reasonable steps have been taken to obtain the best terms available in the market.	3.10.2	Best execution.	
		3.11	Describe how to conduct execution-only transactions.	3.11.1	No advice given.	



Learning Outcome	Assessment Criteria		Indicative Content  Standards Professionalism irrust
		3.11.2	Implications.
3.1	Explain the need for client identification documents.	3.12.1	Money laundering (in outline).
		3.12.2	Types client identification documents.
		3.12.3	Source of funds.
3.1	Explain when it is appropriate to switch a financial	3.13.1	Ethical considerations.
	product.	3.13.2	Financial considerations.
3.1	Describe the implications of cancelling a financial	3.14.1	Cancellation notice.
	product.	3.14.2	Loss on cancellation.
		3.14.3	Reasons for cancellation.
3.1	Explain the need for an effective complaints procedure.	3.15.1	Need for complaints procedure.
		3.15.2	Features of complaints procedures.
3.1	Describe the main features of compensation arrangements.	3.16.1	Features of compensation arrangements.
3.1	Explain the importance of regular reviews of the client's	3.17.1	Content, frequency and importance of reviews.
	personal and financial arrangements.	3.17.2	Changes in client circumstances.



	Learning Outcome		Assessment Criteria		Indicative Content
4	Protection	4.1	Describe the circumstances for which there is a need	4.1.1	Disability and illness.
11	products.		for protection advice.	4.1.2	Death.
Questions		4.2	Describe the main personal and financial details on	4.2.1	Age.
			which a client's protection requirements depend.	4.2.2	Dependants.
				4.2.3	Income and expenditure.
				4.2.4	Assets and liabilities.
		4.3	Describe the policy features of protection products	4.3.1	Premium level.
			which affect their suitability for a client.	4.3.2	Charges.
				4.3.3	Commission structure.
				4.3.4	Policy options.
				4.3.5	Policy guarantees.
				4.3.6	Flexibility.
				4.3.7	Policy benefits and limitations.
				4.3.8	Past performance.
				4.3.9	Surrender values.
		4.4	Explain how to prioritise and evaluate the	4.4.1	Premium level.
			significance of the features of protection products in	4.4.2	Charges.
			a given set of client circumstances.	4.4.3	Commission structure.
				4.4.4	Policy options.
				4.4.5	Policy guarantees.
				4.4.6	Flexibility.
				4.4.7	Policy benefits and limitations.
				4.4.8	Past performance.
				4.4.9	Surrender values.
		4.5	Explain how the tax treatment of protection	4.5.1	Taxation treatment.
			products affects their suitability for a client.		



Learning Outcome	Assessment Criteria		Indicative Content  Standards. Professionalism. Trust
	1.6 Describe the main policy features of protection	4.6.1	Term assurances.
	products.	4.6.2	Whole of life assurances.
		4.6.3	Income protection insurance.
		4.6.4	Critical illness insurance.
		4.6.5	Private medical insurance.
		4.6.6	Long-term care insurance.
		4.6.7	Sickness, accident and unemployment insurances.
	<b>1.7</b> Explain which protection products satisfy the client's	4.7.1	Term assurances.
	needs in particular circumstances.	4.7.2	Whole of life assurances.
		4.7.3	Income protection insurance.
		4.7.4	Critical illness insurance.
		4.7.5	Private medical insurance.
		4.7.6	Long-term care insurance.
		4.7.7	Sickness, accident and unemployment insurances.





	Learning Outcome		Assessment Criteria		Indicative Content
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5	Savings and investment	5.1	Describe the circumstances in which there is a need for savings and investment advice.	5.1.1	Identifying circumstances, including school fees planning, mortgage repayment.
14	products.	5.2	Describe the main personal and financial factors	5.2.1	Taxation.
Questions			affecting choice of savings and investment products.	5.2.2	Age, time horizon.
				5.2.3	Income and expenditure.
				5.2.4	Assets and liabilities.
		5.3	Describe the suitability factors in the choice of	5.3.1	Income and capital growth prospects.
			savings and investment products.	5.3.2	Impact of guarantees.
				5.3.3	Accessibility / penalties / liquidity.
				5.3.4	Contribution limits.
				5.3.5	Impact of risk.
				5.3.6	Charges.
				5.3.7	Commissions and fees.
				5.3.8	Past performance.
		5.4		5.3.9	Flexibility.
				5.3.10	Buying and selling mechanisms.
			significance of the features of savings and	5.4.1	Income and capital growth prospects.
				5.4.2	Impact of guarantees.
			investment products to a set of client circumstances.	5.4.3	Accessibility / penalties / liquidity.
				5.4.4	Contribution limits.
				5.4.5	Impact of risk.
				5.4.6	Charges.
				5.4.7	Commissions and fees.
				5.4.8	Past performance.
				5.4.9	Flexibility.
		5.5 Explain how the tax treatment of savings and	5.5.1	Taxation treatment.	
			investment products affects their suitability for a client.	5.5.2	Impact of taxation on the client.



Learning Outcome	Assessment Criteria		Indicative Content  Standards Professionalism Trust
5.6	Describe the main features of savings and	5.6.1	Deposits.
	investment products.	5.6.2	Fixed-interest investments, including government and
			corporate bonds.
		5.6.3	Shares.
		5.6.4	Endowments.
		5.6.5	Annuities.
		5.6.6	Investment trusts.
		5.6.7	Unit trusts and open-ended investment companies (OEICs).
		5.6.8	Investment bonds.
		5.6.9	Structured products.
		5.6.10	Property.
5.7	'	5.7.1	Deposits.
	satisfy a client's needs in particular circumstances.	5.7.2	Fixed-interest investments, including government and
			corporate bonds.
		5.7.3	Shares.
		5.7.4	Endowments.
		5.7.5	Annuities.
		5.7.6	Investment trusts.
		5.7.7	Unit trusts and OEICs.
		5.7.8	Investment bonds.
		5.7.9	Structured products.
		5.7.10	Property.
5.8	Explain the relationship between the client's	5.8.1	Risk and reward.
	attitude to risk and the real level of return.		
5.9	Explain how collective investments spread risk.	5.9.1	Spread of risk.
5.1	, ,	5.10.1	Inflation.
	investment products.	5.10.2	Deflation.
		5.10.3	Interest rates.
		5.10.4	Fiscal policy.
		5.10.5	Other factors.



	Learning Outcome		Assessment Criteria		Indicative Content
6	Retirement products.	6.1	Describe the circumstances in which, and when, there is a need for retirement planning.	6.1.1	Need for retirement planning.
10 Questions		6.2	Describe how to evaluate a client's retirement planning requirements.	6.2.1	Consider a client's retirement planning needs.
		6.3	Describe the main personal and financial details on	6.3.1	Age.
			which a client's retirement planning requirements	6.3.2	Dependants.
			depend.	6.3.3	Income and expenditure.
				6.3.4	Other assets and liabilities.
				6.3.5	Existing arrangement.
		6.4	Describe the features of retirement products in the	6.4.1	Long-term savings products.
			Hong Kong market.	6.4.2	Mandatory Provident Fund (MPF).
				6.4.3	Occupational Retirement Schemes (ORSO schemes).
				6.4.4	Public annuity policy.
				6.4.5	Deferred annuity policy including Qualified Deferred Annuity Policy (QDAP).
		6.5	Explain how to prioritise and evaluate retirement	6.5.1	Long-term savings products.
			products in the Hong Kong market.	6.5.2	Mandatory Provident Fund (MPF).
				6.5.3	Occupational Retirement Schemes (ORSO schemes).
				6.5.4	Public annuity policy.
				6.5.5	Deferred annuity policy including Qualified Deferred Annuity Policy (QDAP).



Learning Outcome		Assessment Criteria		Indicative Content  Standards Professionalism Trust
	6.6	Understand how to recommend suitable retirement	6.6.1	Eligibility.
		products to meet the client's needs.	6.6.2	Contributions levels and associated limits.
			6.6.3	Investment options.
			6.6.4	Benefits.
			6.6.5	Charges.
			6.6.6	Commissions and fees.
			6.6.7	Decumulation including annuities.
			6.6.8	Transfer value.
			6.6.9	Flexibility.
			6.6.10	Guarantees.
	6.7	Explain the taxation of retirement products.	6.7.1	General overview.
	6.8		6.7.2	Tax-emption of products.
		Explain how economic factors including interest	6.8.1	Inflation.
		rates affect retirement products.	6.8.2	Deflation.
			6.8.3	Interest rates.
			6.8.4	Other economic factors.
	6.9	Explain the consequences of inadequate retirement planning.	6.9.1	Impact of inadequate provision.