Award in General Insurance (non-UK) 2023



Learning Outcome Assessment Criteria Indicative Content

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1	Understand the nature	1.1	Explain the concept of risk and	1.1.1	Definitions of risk.
20	and main features of risk		risk perception.	1.1.2	Alternative meanings of risk.
Questions	and insurance.			1.1.3	Risk and uncertainty.
				1.1.4	Attitude to risk.
		1.2	Explain how different risks are	1.2.1	Financial and non-financial definitions.
			categorised.	1.2.2	Pure and speculative.
				1.2.3	Particular and fundamental.
				1.2.4	Benefit policies.
				1.2.5	The basic purpose of reinsurance.
				1.2.6	Relationship between risks.
				1.2.7	The types of risk that can and cannot be insured.
		1.3	Explain the risk management	1.3.1	Stages - risk identification, analysis and control.
			function and process.	1.3.2	Insurers' role in loss prevention and control.
				1.3.3	Examples of risk management tools used by insurers.
				1.3.4	Professionals and industry bodies relevant to risk management.
		1.4	Explain the components of risk.	1.4.1	Level of risk.
				1.4.2	Frequency and severity.
				1.4.3	Peril and hazard.
		1.5	Apply the principles of risk to a given set of circumstances.	1.5.1	Apply to a given set of circumstances.
		1.6	Explain the need for insurance.	1.6.1	What is meant by risk transfer.
				1.6.2	Law of large numbers and the pooling of risks.
				1.6.3	Equitable premiums.
				1.6.4	How insurance benefits policyholders and society.
		1.7	Explain what is meant by co-	1.7.1	The two different definitions of coinsurance.
			insurance, dual insurance and	1.7.2	Dual insurance and how it is different from coinsurance.
			self-insurance.	1.7.3	Self-insurance.
				1.7.4	The difference between coinsurance, dual insurance and self-insurance.



	Learning Outcome	Assessment Criteria			Indicative Content Standards. Professionalism Trust
		1.8	Explain the main classes of	1.8.1	The main classes, including, property insurance, pecuniary
		1.0	insurance in outline.	1.0.1	insurance, motor insurance, travel insurance, liability insurance,
					professional indemnity, marine and aviation insurance, health and
					combined or package policies.
2	Know the structure and	2.1	Explain the way in which the	2.1.1	Who purchases insurance.
22	main features of the		insurance market is structured.	2.1.2	The role of insurers.
Questions	insurance market.			2.1.3	The role of intermediaries.
				2.1.4	The role of comparison websites (aggregators).
				2.1.5	The role of reinsurers.
				2.1.6	Other participants of the insurance market.
		2.2	Explain the different types of	2.2.1	Proprietary companies.
			insurers.	2.2.2	Mutual companies.
				2.2.3	Captive companies including protected cell companies.
				2.2.4	Composite companies.
				2.2.5	Specialist insurers.
		2.3	Explain the unique structure and	2.3.1	What is Lloyd's and how does it differ from the rest of the market.
			main features of Lloyd's.	2.3.2	Role of the different stakeholders in Lloyd's including, syndicates,
					managing agents, members agent and the Council of Lloyd's.
				2.3.3	Access to the Lloyd's Market.
				2.3.4	Main focus of cover provided.
		2.4	Explain the different distribution	2.4.1	Direct insurance.
			channels used for the selling of	2.4.2	Agents.
			insurance.	2.4.3	Brokers.
				2.4.4	Lloyd's Brokers.
				2.4.5	Authorised persons and appointed representatives.
				2.4.6	Price comparison websites (aggregators).
		2.5	Explain the key roles within the	2.5.1	The main functions of underwriters.
			insurance profession.	2.5.2	The main functions of claims personnel.
				2.5.3	The main functions of loss adjusters and loss assessors.
				2.5.4	The main functions of actuaries.
				2.5.5	The main functions of risk managers.
				2.5.6	The main functions of compliance officers.



	Learning Outcome Assessment Criteria			Indicative Content	
3	Understand the main	3.1	Explain the essentials of a valid	3.1.1	Intention to create legal relations.
	legal principles governing		contract of insurance.	3.1.2	Capacity to contract.
Questions	insurance contracts.			3.1.3	Offer and acceptance, including conditional and unconditional
					acceptance.
				3.1.4	Consideration.
				3.1.5	Parties to a contract.
				3.1.6	Evidence of the contract.
		3.2	Explain how contracts of	3.2.1	Cancellation by the insured.
			insurance can be terminated.	3.2.2	Cancelation by the insurer.
		3.3	Explain the creation of an agency and how it is binding.	3.3.1	Agency by consent.
				3.3.2	Agency by necessity.
				3.3.3	Agency by ratification.
				3.3.4	Actual authority (express and implied).
				3.3.5	Apparent authority.
		3.4	Describe the duties of an agent and the duties of a principal.	3.4.1	Duties of the agent including compliance with instructions,
					personal performance, due care and skill and accountability.
				3.4.2	Duties of the principal including remuneration and indemnity.
				3.4.3	Duties of both - good faith.
				3.4.4	The main content of a terms of business agreement.
		3.5	Explain the requirements for insurable interest in insurance contracts.	3.5.1	How and when insurable interest can arise.
		3.6		3.5.2	The subject matter and its relationship to the insured.
				3.5.3	Insurable interest and liability.
			Explain how the principles of disclosure and representation apply to contracts of insurance.	3.6.1	The importance of disclosing relevant information.
				3.6.2	Information that should be disclosed.
				3.6.3	How disclosure and representation is modified by policy wordings.
				3.6.4	Factors that might limit and insurers entitlement to information.
				3.6.5	The consequences of non-disclosure or misrepresentation of
					relevant information.



Learning Outcome	Assessment Criteria			Indicative Content Standards Professionalism Frust	
	3.7	Explain the definition of proximate cause and how it is applied to non-complex claims.	3.7.1	Definition and application of proximate cause.	
	3.8	Explain the principle of	3.8.1	The definition and meaning of indemnity.	
		indemnity and how it is provided under most insurance contracts.	3.8.2	Cash payment.	
			3.8.3	Repair.	
			3.8.4	Replacement.	
			3.8.5	Reinstatement.	
	3.9	Explain how the principle of indemnity can be modified by	3.9.1	Agreed value policies.	
			3.9.2	First loss policies.	
		insurance contracts.	3.9.3	New for old cover.	
			3.9.4	Benefit policies.	
	3.10	Explain underinsurance and	3.10.1	What is underinsurance.	
		average.	3.10.2 What is average.	What is average.	
		3.10.3 How average is calculated.	How average is calculated.		
	3.11	Explain the basic principle of contribution and how it applies	3.11.1	Definition of contribution and how it arises.	
		to the sharing of claim payments in straightforward property cases.	3.11.2	How contribution is calculated.	
	3.12	Explain the principle of	3.12.1	Definition of subrogation.	
		subrogation.	3.12.2	How it is impacted by insurance contract wording.	
			3.12.3 Why it may not be pursued.	Why it may not be pursued.	
			3.12.4	Where subrogation does not apply.	



Learning Outcome		Assessment Criteria		Indicative Content Standards Professionalism Trust	
4	Understand the main	4.1	Explain the importance of the	4.1.1	The purpose of regulation of the insurance industry.
14	regulatory and legal		regulation of the insurance	4.1.2	Different regulatory approaches.
Questions	principles applicable to the		industry.	4.1.3	Consequences of non-compliance.
	transaction of insurance			4.1.4	Tools used by regulators to supervise the industry.
	business.			4.1.5	The international standard setting body for the insurance industry, the IAIS.
		4.2	Understand the importance of	4.2.1	The different approaches to capital adequacy.
			establishing and maintaining capital adequacy.	4.2.2	The relationship between capital adequacy and solvency controls levels.
		4.3	Understand the importance of combating financial crime.	4.3.1	The international standard setting body in relation to financial crime, the FATF.
				4.3.2	Definition of money laundering.
				4.3.3	Definition of anti-terrorist financing.
				4.3.4	The responsibility of the insurer to prevent financial crime.
		4.4	Explain fraud and how it impacts	4.4.1	The different types of fraud faced by insurers.
			the insurance industry.	4.4.2	Fraud management by the insurer.
5	Know key aspects of ethics,	5.1	Explain the functions of the	5.1.1	The role of the CII.
2	corporate governance and		Chartered Insurance Institute (CII).	5.1.2	The CII ethical code of practice.
questions	internal controls.	5.2	Explain the importance of the fair	5.2.1	The importance of the fair treatment of customers and positive
			treatment of customers and		customer outcomes.
			positive customer outcomes.		
		5.3	Understand the objectives of 'fit	5.3.1	The risk of unsuitability.
			and proper' requirements and the	5.3.2	General requirements.
			risks of unsuitability.	5.3.3	Integrity.
				5.3.4	Soundness of judgement.
				5.3.5	Knowledge and experience.
		5.4	Understand the importance of	5.4.1	Risk management frameworks outlined.
			internal control systems.	5.4.2	The role of compliance and audit.
				5.4.3	Establishing a customer complaints procedure.
				5.4.4	The holding and use of customer data.