# THE CHARTERED INSURANCE INSTITUTE $\frac{\Delta}{CII}$

# AF5

# **Advanced Diploma in Financial Planning**

**Unit AF5 – Financial planning process** 

April 2016 examination

#### **SPECIAL NOTICES**

All questions in this paper are based on English law and practice applicable in the tax year 2015/2016, unless stated otherwise in the question, and should be answered accordingly.

It should be assumed that all individuals are domiciled and resident in the UK unless otherwise stated.

Candidates should answer based on the legislative position immediately BEFORE the 2016 budget.

#### Instructions

- Three hours are allowed for this paper.
- Do not begin writing until the invigilator instructs you to.
- Read the instructions on page 3 carefully before answering any questions.
- Provide the information requested on the answer book and form B.
- You are allowed to write on the inside pages of this question paper, but you must **NOT** write your name, candidate number, PIN or any other identification anywhere on this question paper.
- The answer book and this question paper must both be handed in personally by you to the invigilator before you leave the examination room. Failure to comply with this regulation will result in your paper not being marked and you may be prevented from entering this examination in the future.

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### Unit AF5 – Financial planning process

#### Instructions to candidates

#### Read the instructions below before answering any questions

- Three hours are allowed for this paper which carries a total of 160 marks.
- You are strongly advised to attempt **all** tasks to gain maximum possible marks. The number of marks allocated to each task is given next to the task and you should spend your time in accordance with that allocation.
- In this examination you should use the fresh copy of the fact-find provided. You are not allowed to bring into the examination the pre-released copy of the fact-find.
- Client objectives are provided overleaf and you should read them carefully before attempting the tasks.
- Read carefully all tasks and information provided before starting to answer. Your answer will be marked strictly in accordance with the task set.
- You may find it helpful in some places to make rough notes in the answer booklet. If you do this, you should cross through these notes before you hand in the booklet.
- It is important to show all steps in a calculation, even if you have used a calculator.
- If you bring a calculator into the examination room, it must be a silent, battery or solar-powered, non-programmable calculator. The use of electronic equipment capable of being programmed to hold alphabetic or numerical data and/or formulae is prohibited. You may use a financial or scientific calculator, provided it meets these requirements.
- Tax tables are provided at the back of this question paper.
- Answer each task on a new page and leave six lines blank after each task.

Subject to providing sufficient detail you are advised to be as brief and concise as possible, using note format and short sentences on separate lines wherever possible.

#### **CLIENTS' FINANCIAL OBJECTIVES**

# You have now been able to determine from the information in the fact-find that your client has the following financial objectives:

#### Immediate objectives

- To generate sufficient income for Sue's immediate and future needs whilst maximising tax efficiency.
- To establish a suitable method for Sue to draw benefits from her late husband's pension arrangements.
- To assess the suitability of the investment portfolio that Sue will inherit.

#### Longer-term objectives

- To maximise the estate for the benefit of Sue's children.
- To improve the tax-efficiency of Sue's investment portfolio.

#### Attempt ALL tasks

#### Time: 3 hours

1.	Identify the key additional information required to enable you to advise Sue on
	how she could meet the following immediate financial objectives:

(a)	establish	а	suitable	method	for	Sue	to	draw	benefits	from	David's	
	pension a	rra	ngement;									(8)

- (b) assess the suitability of the investment portfolio that Sue will inherit. (12)
- 2. (a) Explain briefly why Sue should be classified at present as a 'vulnerable' client. (3)
  - (b) Describe briefly the actions you should take to provide Sue with an appropriate level of service to reflect her current 'vulnerable' client status. (7)
- **3.** Explain in detail Sue's entitlement to her late husband's ISA portfolio and the actions that need to be taken to maintain the tax-efficiency of this portfolio. (12)
- **4.** In respect of Sue's longer-term financial objective to mitigate Inheritance Tax (IHT).

Candidates will be rewarded for supporting their recommendations with relevant evidence and demonstrating how their recommendations work holistically to meet their client's objectives.

(a)	Comment on the IHT efficiency of Sue's financial position.		
(b)	Recommend and justify a suitable trust arrangement to enable Sue to		

achieve an **immediate** reduction in the value of her estate whilst retaining entitlement to a regular tax-efficient income. (15)

#### QUESTIONS CONTINUE OVER THE PAGE

**5.** David and Sue purchased a joint life last-survivor life policy to cover their potential Inheritance Tax liability four years ago. Sue has asked whether she should retain this policy or cancel it.

Describe briefly the key policy details that you would consider in order to advise Sue on the suitability of this life policy.

6. In respect of David's self-invested personal pension (SIPP).

Candidates will be rewarded for supporting their recommendations with relevant evidence and demonstrating how their recommendations work holistically to meet their client's objectives.

- (a) Explain briefly to Sue the three main options available with this plan to provide her with an income, including any Income Tax and IHT implications for each of these options.
   (14)
- (b) If Sue retains the SIPP plan, recommend and justify how Sue could use this to meet her stated financial objective of maximising her estate for the benefit of her children.

(7)

(12)

7. In respect of the investments that Sue will inherit from David.

Candidates will be rewarded for supporting their recommendations with relevant evidence and demonstrating how their recommendations work holistically to meet their client's objectives.

- (a) Explain in detail to Sue why the investments may not be suitable for her. (10)
- (b) Recommend and justify the changes that should be made to Sue's cash deposits and the investments that she will shortly inherit to ensure that these meet her stated financial objectives.
   (16)
- (c) Identify and explain briefly to Sue the key investment risks that are associated with a portfolio of AIM shares. (Excluding systematic and non-systematic risk).
   (10)
- (d) Describe six benefits and six drawbacks of the 'index-tracking' OEICs and Unit Trusts that Sue will shortly inherit. (12)
- 8. Identify eight financial planning issues that you should discuss with Sue at your next review meeting, taking into consideration her recent change of circumstances. (8)

The tax tables can be found on pages 9 – 15

ΙΝΟΟΜΕ ΤΑΧ				
RATES OF TAX	2014/2015	2015/2016		
Starting rate for savings*	10%	0%		
Basic rate	20%	20%		
Higher rate	40%	40%		
Additional rate	45%	45%		
Starting-rate limit	£2,880*	£5,000*		
Threshold of taxable income above which higher rate applies	£31,865	£31,785		
Threshold of taxable income above which additional rate applies	£150,000	£150,000		
Child benefit charge from 7 January 2013:				
1% of benefit for every £100 of income over	£50,000	£50,000		

\*Restricted to savings income only and not available if taxable non-savings income exceeds starting rate band.

MAIN PERSONAL ALLOWANCES AND RELIEFS		
Income limit for Personal Allowance § Personal Allowance (basic if born after 5 April 1948) § Personal Allowance (if born between 6 April 1938 and 5 April 1948) §	£100,000 £10,000 £10,500	£100,000 £10,600 £10,600
Personal Allowance (if born before 6 April 1938) §	£10,660	£10,660
Married/civil partners (minimum) at 10% <i>†</i> Married/civil partners at 10% <i>†</i> Transferable tax allowance for married couples/civil partners	£3,140 £8,165 N/A	£3,220 £8,355 £1,060
Income limit for age-related allowances §	£27,000	£27,700
Blind Person's Allowance	£2,230	£2,290
Enterprise Investment Scheme relief limit on £1,000,000 max	30%	30%
Seed Enterprise Investment relief limit on £100,000 max Venture Capital Trust relief limit on £200,000 max	50% 30%	50% 30%
<i>§ the Personal Allowance reduces by £1 for every £2 of income above the ir</i>		3070
irrespective of age (under the income threshold). † where at least one spouse/civil partner was born before 6 April 1935.		
Child Tax Credit (CTC) <ul> <li>Child element per child (maximum)</li> </ul>	£2,750	£2,780

- Child element per child (maximum)	£2,750	£2,780
- family element	£545	£545
Threshold for tapered withdrawal of CTC	£16,010	£16,105

NATIONAL INSURANCE CONTRIBUTIONS					
Class 1 Employee	Weekly	Monthly	Yearly		
Lower Earnings Limit (LEL)	£112	£486	£5,824		
Primary threshold	£155	£672	£8,060		
Upper Accrual Point	£770	£3,337	£40,040		
Upper Earnings Limit (UEL)	£815	£3,532	£42,385		

	CLASS 1 EMPLOYEE CONTRIBUTIONS			
Total earnings £ per week	Contracted-in rate	Contracted-out rate (final salary)		
Up to 155.00*	Nil	Nil		
155.01 – 770.00	12%	10.6%		
770.01 – 815.00	12%	12%		
Above 815.00	2%	2%		

\*This is the primary threshold below which no NI contributions are payable. However, the lower earnings limit is £112 per week. This £112 to £155 band is a zero rate band introduced in order to protect lower earners' rights to contributory State benefits e.g. Basic State Pension.

Total earnings £ per week	CLASS 1 EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS			
rotal earnings E per week	Contracted-in rate	Contract	ed-out rate	
		Final	Money	
		salary	purchase	
Below 156.00**	Nil	Nil	Nil	
156.01 – 770.00	13.8%	10.4%	13.8%	
770.01 - 815.00	13.8%	13.8%	13.8%	
Excess over 815.00	13.8%	13.8%	13.8%	

\*\* Secondary earnings threshold.

Class 2 (self-employed)	Flat rate per week £2.80 where profits exceed £5,965 per annum.
Class 3 (voluntary)	Flat rate per week £14.10.
Class 4 (self-employed)	9% on profits between £8,060 - £42,385.
	2% on profits above £42,385.

PENSIONS						
TAX YEAR	LIFETIME ALLOWANCE	ANNUAL ALLOWANCE				
2006/2007	£1,500,000	£215,000				
2007/2008	£1,600,000	£225,000				
2008/2009	£1,650,000	£235,000				
2009/2010	£1,750,000	£245,000				
2010/2011	£1,800,000	£255,000				
2011/2012	£1,800,000	£50,000				
2012/2013	£1,500,000	£50,000				
2013/2014	£1,500,000	£50,000				
2014/2015	£1,250,000	£40,000				
2015/2016	£1,250,000	£40,000 §				

#### ANNUAL ALLOWANCE CHARGE

20% - 45% member's tax charge on the amount of total pension input in excess of the annual allowance.

MONEY PURCHASE ANNUAL ALLOWANCE	2014/2015	2015/2016
	N/A	£10,000*

#### LIFETIME ALLOWANCE CHARGE

55% of excess over lifetime allowance if taken as a lump sum.

25% of excess over lifetime allowance if taken in the form of income, which is subsequently taxed under PAYE.

§ increased to £80,000 from 6 April - 8 July 2015. If not used, can be carried forward to

9 July 2015 - 5 April 2016, subject to a maximum of £40,000.

\* transitional rules apply to the calculation for pre/post 8 July 2015 position.

CAPITAL GAINS TAX			
EXEMPTIONS	2014/2015	2015/2016	
Individuals, estates etc	£11,000	£11,100	
Trusts generally	£5,500	£5,550	
Chattels proceeds (restricted to five thirds of proceeds exceeding			
limit)	£6,000	£6,000	
TAX RATES			
Individuals:			
Up to basic rate limit	18%	18%	
Above basic rate limit	28%	28%	
Trustees and Personal Representatives	28%	28%	
Entrepreneurs' Relief* – Gains taxed at:	10%	10%	
Lifetime limit	£10,000,000	£10,000,000	
Individuals: Up to basic rate limit Above basic rate limit Trustees and Personal Representatives Entrepreneurs' Relief* – Gains taxed at:	28% 28% 10%	28% 28% 10%	

\*For trading businesses and companies (minimum 5% employee or director shareholding) held for at least one year

INHERITANCE TAX				
RATES OF TAX ON TRANSFERS	2014/2015	2015/2016		
Transfers made on death after 5 April 2015 - Up to £325,000 - Excess over £325,000	Nil 40%	Nil 40%		
Transfers made after 5 April 2015 - Lifetime transfers to and from certain trusts	20%	20%		

For deaths after 5 April 2015, a lower rate of 36% applies where at least 10% of deceased's net estate is left to charity.

MAIN EXEMPTIONS				
Transfers to - UK-domiciled spouse/civil partner - non-UK-domiciled spouse/civil part - UK-registered charities	ner (from	UK-domiciled spouse	No limit e) £325,000 No limit	No limit £325,000 No limit
Lifetime transfers - Annual exemption per donor - Small gifts exemption			£3,000 £250	£3,000 £250
Wedding/civil partnership gifts by - parent - grandparent - other person			£5,000 £2,500 £1,000	£5,000 £2,500 £1,000
100% relief: businesses, unlisted/AIM companies, certain farmland/building 50% relief: certain other business assets				
Reduced tax charge on gifts within 7 ye - Years before death	ears of dea 0-3	th: 3-4 4-	5 5-6	6-7

100%

80%

60%

20%

40%

- Inheritance Tax payable

### **CAR BENEFIT FOR EMPLOYEES**

The charge for company car benefits is based on the carbon dioxide  $(CO_2)$  emissions. There is no reduction for high business mileage users.

#### For 2015/2016:

- The percentage charge is 5% of the car's list price for CO<sub>2</sub> emissions of 50g/km or less.
- For cars with CO<sub>2</sub> emissions of 51g/km to 75g/km the percentage is 9%.
- For cars with CO<sub>2</sub> emissions of 76g/km to 94g/km the percentage is 13%.
- Cars with CO<sub>2</sub> emissions of 95g/km have a percentage charge of 14% and thereafter the charge increases by 1% for every complete 5g/km to a maximum of 37% (emissions of 210g/km and above).

There is an additional 3% supplement for diesel cars not meeting Euro IV emission standards. However, the maximum charge remains 37% of the car's list price.

- **Car fuel** The benefit is calculated as the  $CO_2$  emissions % relevant to the car and that % applied to a set figure (£22,100 for 2015/2016) e.g. car emission 100g/km = 15% on car benefit scale. 15% of £22,100 = £3,315.
- 1. Accessories are, in most cases, included in the list price on which the benefit is calculated.
- 2. List price is reduced for capital contributions made by the employee up to £5,000.
- 3. Car benefit is reduced by the amount of employee's contributions towards running costs.
- 4. Fuel scale is reduced only if the employee makes good all the fuel used for private journeys.
- All car and fuel benefits are subject to employers National Insurance contribution's (Class 1A) of 13.8%.

### **PRIVATE VEHICLES USED FOR WORK**

2014/2015 Rates 2015/2016 Rates

Cars		
On the first 10,000 business miles in tax year	45p per mile	45p per mile
Each business mile above 10,000 business miles	25p per mile	25p per mile
Motor Cycles	24p per mile	24p per mile
Bicycles	20p per mile	20p per mile
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## MAIN CAPITAL AND OTHER ALLOWANCES

2014/2015 2015/2016

Plant & machinery (excluding cars) 100% annual investment allowance		
(first year) §	£500,000	£500,000
Plant & machinery (reducing balance) per annum	18%	18%
Patent rights & know-how (reducing balance) per annum	25%	25%
Certain long-life assets, integral features of buildings (reducing balance)		
per annum	8%	8%
Energy & water-efficient equipment	100%	100%
Zero emission goods vehicles (new)	100%	100%
Qualifying flat conversions, business premises & renovations	100%	100%

Motor cars: Expenditure on or after 01 April 2015 (Corporation Tax) or 06 April 2015 (Income Tax)				
CO <sub>2</sub> emissions of g/km:	75 or less*	76-130	131 or more	
Capital allowance:	100%	18%	8%	
	first year	reducing balance	reducing balance	

\*If new

§ From 01 January 2016 allowance will decrease to £200,000.

	CORPORATION TAX	
	2014/2015	2015/2016
Full rate	21%	20%
Small companies rate	20%	20%
Small companies limit	£300,000	£300,000
Effective marginal rate	21.25%	20%
Upper marginal limit	£1,500,000	£1,500,000

VALUE ADDED	ΤΑΧ	
	2014/2015	2015/2016
Standard rate	20%	20%
Annual registration threshold	£81,000	£82,000
Deregistration threshold	£79,000	£80,000

		2014/2015	2015/2016
		£	£
Child Benefit	First child	20.50	20.70
	Subsequent children	13.55	13.70
	Guardian's allowance	16.35	16.55
Employment and Support Allowance	Assessment Phase		
	Age 16 – 24	Up to 57.35	Up to 57.90
	Aged 25 or over	Up to 72.40	Up to 73.10
	Main Phase		
	Work Related Activity Group	Up to 101.15	Up to 102.15
	Support Group	Up to 108.15	Up to 109.30
Attendance Allowance	Lower rate	54.45	55.10
	Higher rate	81.30	82.30
Retirement Pension	Single	113.10	115.95
	Married	180.90	185.45
Pension Credit	Single person standard minimum		
	guarantee	148.35	151.20
	Married couple standard minimum		
	guarantee	226.50	230.85
	Maximum savings ignored in		
	calculating income	10,000.00	10,000.00
Bereavement Payment (lump sur	n)	2,000.00	2,000.00
Widowed Parent's Allowance		111.20	112.55
Jobseekers Allowance	Age 18 - 24	57.35	57.90
	Age 25 or over	72.40	73.10
Statutory Maternity, Paternity			
and Adoption Pay		138.18	139.58

# MAIN SOCIAL SECURITY BENEFITS

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