THE CHARTERED INSURANCE INSTITUTE



AF5

Advanced Diploma in Financial Planning

Unit AF5 – Financial planning process

April 2014 examination

SPECIAL NOTICES

All questions in this paper are based on English law and practice applicable in the tax year 2013/2014, unless stated otherwise in the question, and should be answered accordingly.

It should be assumed that all individuals are domiciled and resident in the UK unless otherwise stated.

Candidates should answer based on the legislative position immediately BEFORE the 2014 budget.

Instructions

- Three hours are allowed for this paper.
- Do not begin writing until the invigilator instructs you to.
- Read the instructions on page 3 carefully before answering any questions.
- Provide the information requested on the answer book and form B.
- You are allowed to write on the inside pages of this question paper, but you must NOT write your name, candidate number, PIN or any other identification anywhere on this question paper.
- The answer book and this question paper must both be handed in personally by you to the
 invigilator before you leave the examination room. Failure to comply with this regulation will
 result in your paper not being marked and you may be prevented from entering this
 examination in the future.

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Unit AF5 – Financial planning process

Instructions to candidates

Read the instructions below before answering any questions

- Three hours are allowed for this paper which carries a total of 160 marks.
- You are strongly advised to attempt all tasks to gain maximum possible marks. The number
 of marks allocated to each task is given next to the task and you should spend your time in
 accordance with that allocation.
- In this examination you should use the fresh copy of the fact-find provided. You are not allowed to bring into the examination the pre-released copy of the fact-find.
- Client objectives are provided overleaf and you should read them carefully before attempting the tasks.
- Read carefully all tasks and information provided before starting to answer. Your answer will be marked strictly in accordance with the task set.
- You may find it helpful in some places to make rough notes in the answer booklet. If you do this, you should cross through these notes before you hand in the booklet.
- It is important to show all steps in a calculation, even if you have used a calculator.
- If you bring a calculator into the examination room, it must be a silent, battery or solar-powered, non-programmable calculator. The use of electronic equipment capable of being programmed to hold alphabetic or numerical data and/or formulae is prohibited. You may use a financial or scientific calculator, provided it meets these requirements.
- Tax tables are provided at the back of this question paper.
- Answer each task on a new page and leave six lines blank after each task.

Subject to providing sufficient detail you are advised to be as brief and concise as possible, using note format and short sentences on separate lines wherever possible.

CLIENTS' FINANCIAL OBJECTIVES

You have now been able to determine from the information in the fact-find that your clients have the following financial objectives:

Immediate objectives

- To invest a sum of £100,000 from the money Mark holds in BNM bank to provide tax-efficient growth.
- For Kim to save money on a regular basis for Mark's children to help towards their university funding.
- To provide financial security for Mark and Kim in the event of death or illness.

Longer-term objectives

- To provide adequate income in retirement for Kim.
- To ensure that Mark's estate passes to his intended beneficiaries.
- To provide business protection cover for Mark's company in the event of him suffering a serious illness.

Attempt ALL tasks

Time: 3 hours

1.		four benefits and four drawbacks to Mark and Kim if they pay adviser fees e initial and ongoing service:	
	(a)	on an hourly cost basis;	(8)
	(b)	as a fund-based fee.	(8)
2.		ify the additional information you would need to discuss with Mark and Kim ler to advise them on how to meet their:	
	(a)	immediate financial objectives;	(15)
	(b)	longer-term financial objectives.	(15)
3.	Mark	would like to know more about the risks associated with investments.	
		ify the relevant investment risks, excluding market risk, and describe how apply to the following:	
	(a)	his cash deposits held within the BNM bank;	(6)
	(b)	his AIM shares.	(10)
4.		and Kim are concerned about the impact that long-term illness or death will on their financial situation.	
	(a)	Comment on Mark's current situation and identify any weaknesses in his existing protection arrangements if he were to die or suffer a critical illness.	(12)
	(b)	Comment on Kim's current situation and identify any weaknesses in her existing income protection insurance policy if she was to suffer a long-term illness or disability.	(10)

Questions continue over the page

- **5.** Kim is considering increasing her personal pension contributions and would like to know more about how her existing personal pension plan works.
 - (a) Describe the process an adviser could use to ensure there are sufficient funds under Kim's existing personal pension policy to provide her required level of target benefits at her normal retirement date.

(8)

(8)

- (b) Identify eight drawbacks of Kim using her current balanced lifestyle fund.
- **6.** With regard to Mark and Kim's immediate financial objectives:

Candidates will be rewarded for supporting their recommendations with relevant evidence and demonstrating how their recommendations work holistically to meet their clients' objectives.

(a) Recommend and justify why an Enterprise Investment Scheme (EIS) may be a suitable investment for Mark in respect his of current circumstances and financial objectives.

(16)

(b) Recommend and justify a suitable and tax-efficient investment for the regular savings of £250 per month that Kim would like to invest for Noel and Holly's university education. Kim wants any new investment to be in each child's name and not held in trust.

(8)

7. With regard to Mark and Kim's longer-term financial objectives:

Candidates will be rewarded for supporting their recommendations with relevant evidence and demonstrating how their recommendations work holistically to meet their clients' objectives.

(a) Recommend and justify the actions Mark could take to ensure that his estate passes to his intended beneficiaries at the time of his death. Assume that no further investments or protection policies are to be taken out by Mark.

(16)

(b) Recommend and justify a suitable protection policy to provide business protection cover for Mark's company in the event of him suffering a critical illness.

(8)

8. (a) Identify **six** factors that should be taken into account at future reviews for Kim's income protection cover.

(6)

(b) Explain briefly to Mark and Kim why they should have regular review meetings with their adviser.

(6)

The tax tables can be found on pages 9-15

£545

£15,860

£545

£15,910

RATES OF TAX	2012/2013	2013/2014
Starting rate for savings*	10%	10%
Basic rate	20%	20%
Higher rate	40%	40%
Additional rate	50%	45%
Starting-rate limit	£2,710*	£2,790*
Threshold of taxable income above which higher rate applies	£34,370	£32,010
Threshold of taxable income above which additional rate applies	£150,000	£150,000
Child benefit charge from 7 January 2013:		
1% of benefit for every £100 of income over	£50,000	£50,000
_, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _		
*Restricted to savings income only and not available if taxable non-savings in	come exceeds	
starting rate band.		
MAIN PERSONAL ALLOWANCES AND RELIEFS		
Income limit for Personal Allowance §	£100,000	£100,000
Personal Allowance (basic if born after 5 April 1948) §	£8,105	£9,440
Personal Allowance (if born between 6 April 1938 and 5 April 1948) §	£10,500	£10,500
Personal Allowance (if born before 6 April 1938) §	£10,660	£10,660
Married/civil partners (minimum) (if born before 6 April 1935) at 10% †	£2,960	£3,040
Married/civil partners (if born before 6 April 1935) at 10% †	£7,705	£7,915
Married/Civil partilers (ii born before o April 1933) at 10%	17,703	17,913
Income limit for age-related allowances	£25,400	£26,100
Blind Person's Allowance	£2,100	£2,160
Enterprise Investment Scheme relief limit on £1,000,000 max	30%	30%
	500/	500/
Seed Enterprise Investment relief limit on £100,000	50%	50%
Venture Capital Trust relief limit on £200,000 max	30%	30%
Tenesia dapitar ri aderener mine dir 1200,000 max	3070	3070
§ the Personal Allowance reduces by £1 for every £2 of income above the	e income limit	
irrespective of age (under the income threshold).		
† where at least one spouse/civil partner was born before 6 April 1935.		
Child Tay Cradit (CTC)		
Child alomant per shild (maximum)	£3 600	£2 720
- Child element per child (maximum)	£2,690	£2,720

- family element

Threshold for tapered withdrawal of CTC

NATIONAL INSURANCE CONTRIBUTIONS					
Class 1 Employee	Weekly	Monthly	Yearly		
Lower Earnings Limit (LEL)	£109	£473	£5,668		
Primary threshold	£149	£646	£7,755		
Upper Accrual Point	£770	£3,337	£40,040		
Upper Earnings Limit (UEL)	£797	£3,454	£41,450		

	CLASS 1 EMPLOYEE CONTRIBUTIONS			
Total earnings £ per week	Contracted-in rate/contracted-out (money purchase)	Contracted-out rate (final salary)		
Up to 149.00*	Nil	Nil		
149.01 – 770.00	12%	10.6%		
770.01 – 797.00	12%	12%		
Above 797.00	2%	2%		

^{*}This is the primary threshold below which no NI contributions are payable. However, the lower earnings limit is £109 per week. This £109 to £149 band is a zero rate band introduced in order to protect lower earners' rights to contributory State benefits e.g. Basic State Pension.

Total carnings f nor wook	CLASS 1 EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS			
Total earnings £ per week	Contracted-in rate	Contract	ed-out rate	
		Final	Money	
		salary	purchase	
Below 148.00**	Nil	Nil	Nil	
148.01 – 770.00	13.8%	10.4%	13.8%	
770.01 – 797.00	13.8%	13.8%	13.8%	
Excess over 797.00	13.8%	13.8%	13.8%	

^{**} Secondary earnings threshold.

Class 2 (self-employed)	Flat rate per week £2.70 where earnings exceed £5,725 per annum.
Class 3 (voluntary)	Flat rate per week £13.55.
Class 4 (self-employed)	9% on profits between £7,755 - £41,450
	2% on profits above £41 450

	PENSIONS	
TAX YEAR	LIFETIME ALLOWANCE	ANNUAL ALLOWANCE
2006/2007	£1,500,000	£215,000
2007/2008	£1,600,000	£225,000
2008/2009	£1,650,000	£235,000
2009/2010	£1,750,000	£245,000
2010/2011	£1,800,000	£255,000
2011/2012	£1,800,000	£50,000
2012/2013	£1,500,000	£50,000
2013/2014	£1,500,000	£50,000

ANNUAL ALLOWANCE CHARGE

20% - 45% member's tax charge on the amount of total pension input in excess of the annual allowance.

LIFETIME ALLOWANCE CHARGE

55% of excess over lifetime allowance if taken as a lump sum.

25% of excess over lifetime allowance if taken in the form of income, which is subsequently taxed under PAYE.

CAPITAL GAINS TAX		
EXEMPTIONS	2012/2013	2013/2014
Individuals, estates etc	£10,600	£10,900
Trusts generally	£5,300	£5,450
Chattels proceeds (restricted to five thirds of proceeds exceeding		
limit)	£6,000	£6,000
TAX RATES		
Individuals:		
Up to basic rate limit	18%	18%
Above basic rate limit	28%	28%
Trustees and Personal Representatives	28%	28%
Entrepreneurs' Relief* – Gains taxed at:	10%	10%
Lifetime limit	£10,000,000	£10,000,000

^{*}For trading businesses and companies (minimum 5% employee or director shareholding) held for at least one year.

INHERITANCE TAX					
RATES OF TAX ON DEATH TRANSFER	S			2012/2013	2013/2014
Transfers made after 5 April 2013 - Up to £325,000 - Excess over £325,000 - Lifetime transfers to and from certain trusts *For deaths after 5 April 2013, a lower rate of 36% applies where at least 10% of deceased's net estate is left to charity.			Nil 40% 20%	Nil 40% 20%	
MAIN EXEMPTIONS					
Transfers to - UK-domiciled spouse/civil partner - non-UK-domiciled spouse/civil pa - UK-registered charities		K-domiciled s	pouse)	No limit £55,000 No limit	No limit £325,000 No limit
Lifetime transfers - Annual exemption per donor - Small gifts exemption				£3,000 £250	£3,000 £250
Wedding/civil partnership gifts by - parent - grandparent - other person				£5,000 £2,500 £1,000	£5,000 £2,500 £1,000
100% relief: businesses, unlisted/AIM 50% relief: certain other business ass	•	ertain farmla	nd/build	ing	
Reduced tax charge on gifts within 7 v - Years before death - Inheritance Tax payable	years of death 0-3 100%	3-4 80%	4-5 60%	5-6 40%	6-7 20%

CAR BENEFIT FOR EMPLOYEES

The charge for company car benefits is based on the carbon dioxide (CO₂) emissions. There is no reduction for high business mileage users.

For 2013/2014:

- Cars that cannot emit CO₂ have a 0% charge.
- The percentage charge is 5% of the car's list price for CO₂ emissions of 75g/km or less.
- For cars with CO₂ emissions of 76g/km to 94g/km the percentage is 10%.
- For cars with CO₂ emissions of 95g/km to 99g/km the percentage is 11%.
- Cars with CO₂ emissions of 100g/km have a percentage charge of 12% and thereafter the charge increases by 1% for every complete 5g/km to a maximum of 35% (emissions of 215g/km and above).

There is an additional 3% supplement for diesel cars not meeting Euro IV emission standards. However, the maximum charge remains 35% of the car's list price.

Car fuel The benefit is calculated as the CO_2 emissions % relevant to the car and that % applied to a set figure (£21,100 for 2013/2014) e.g. car emission 100g/km = 12% on car benefit scale. 12% of £21,100 = £2,532.

- **1. Accessories** are, in most cases, included in the list price on which the benefit is calculated.
- 2. List price is reduced for capital contributions made by the employee up to £5,000.
- 3. Car benefit is reduced by the amount of employee's contributions towards running costs.
- **4. Fuel scale** is reduced only if the employee makes good **all** the fuel used for private journeys.
- **5. All car and fuel benefits** are subject to employers National Insurance Contributions (Class 1A) of 13.8%.

PRIVATE VEHICLES USED FOR WORK								
2012/2013 Rates 2013/2014 Rate								
Cars	Cars							
On the first 10,000 business miles in tax year	45p per mile	45p per mile						
Each business mile above 10,000 business miles	25p per mile	25p per mile						
Motor Cycles	24p per mile	24p per mile						
Bicycles	20p per mile	20p per mile						

MAIN	CAPITAL	AND OTH	IFR ALL	OWANCES
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	2012/2013	2013/2014
Plant & machinery (excluding cars) 100% annual investment allowance		
(first year)	£25,000	£250,000
Plant & machinery (reducing balance) per annum	18%	18%
Patent rights & know-how (reducing balance) per annum	25%	25%
Certain long-life assets, integral features of buildings (reducing balance)		
per annum	8%	8%
Energy & water-efficient equipment	100%	100%
Zero emission goods vehicles (new)	100%	100%
Qualifying flat conversions, business premises & renovations	100%	100%

Motor cars: Expenditure on or after 01 April 2013 (Corporation Tax) or 06 April 2013 (Income Tax)

CO₂ emissions of g/km: 95 or less* 96-130 131 or more

Capital allowance: 100% 18% 8%

first year reducing balance reducing balance

*If new

Research & Development: Capital expenditure 100%

CORPORATION TAX			
	2012/2013	2013/2014	
Full rate	24%	23%	
Small companies rate	20%	20%	
Small companies limit	£300,000	£300,000	
Effective marginal rate	25%	23.75%	
Upper marginal limit	£1,500,000	£1,500,000	

VALUE ADDE	D TAX	
	2012/2013	2013/2014
Standard rate	20%	20%
Annual registration threshold	£77,000	£79,000
Deregistration threshold	£75,000	£77,000

MAIN SOCIAL SECURITY BENEFITS				
		2012/2013	2013/2014	
		£	£	
Child Benefit	First child	20.30	20.30	
	Subsequent children	13.40	13.40	
	Guardian's allowance	15.55	15.90	
Employment and Support Allowance	Assessment Phase			
	Age 16 – 24	Up to 56.25	Up to 56.80	
	Aged 25 or over	Up to 71.00	=	
	Main Phase			
	Work Related Activity Group	Up to 99.15	Up to 100.15	
	Support Group	Up to	Up to 106.50	
		105.05)	
Attendance Allowance	Lower rate	51.85	53.00	
	Higher rate	77.45	79.15	
Retirement Pension	Single	107.45	110.15	
	Married	171.85	176.15	
Pension Credit	Single person standard minimum			
	guarantee Married couple standard minimum	142.70	145.40	
	guarantee	217.90	222.05	
	Maximum savings ignored in			
	calculating income	10,000.00	10,000.00	
Bereavement Payment (lump sur	m)	2,000.00	2,000.00	
Widowed Parent's Allowance		105.95	108.30	
Jobseekers Allowance	Age 16 - 24	56.25	56.80	
	Age 25 or over	71.00	71.70	
Statutory Maternity, Paternity				
and Adoption Pay		135.45	136.78	





